

Release Date: August 9, 2019

# THIRD QUARTER 2019

# Forecasters See Weaker Outlook for Near-Term Growth

The U.S. economy for the next three quarters looks slightly weaker now than it did three months ago, according to 35 forecasters surveyed by the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. The panel predicts real GDP will grow at an annual rate of 1.8 percent this quarter, 2.0 percent next quarter, and 1.9 percent in the first quarter of 2020, marking downward revisions from the previous survey. On an annual-average over annual-average basis, the forecasters expect real GDP to grow 2.3 percent in 2019 and 1.9 percent in 2020. The projections for 2019 and 2020 are down from 2.6 percent and 2.0 percent, respectively, in the last survey.

A steady near-term outlook for the unemployment rate accompanies the outlook for growth. The forecasters predict the unemployment rate will average 3.7 percent in 2019 and 3.6 percent in 2020, both unchanged from the survey of three months ago. For 2021 and 2022, the panel sees the unemployment rate at 3.9 percent and 4.0 percent, respectively, projections slightly above those of the last survey.

On the employment front, the forecasters have marginally revised downward their estimates for job gains over the next two years. The projections for the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment suggest job gains at a monthly rate of 190,600 in 2019 and 141,200 in 2020. (These annual-average estimates are computed as the year-to-year change in the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment, converted to a monthly rate.)

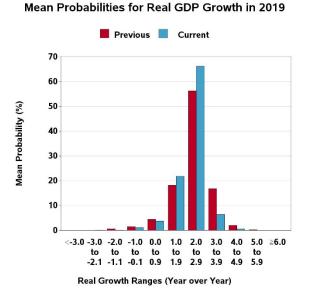
	Real GD	P(%)	Unemploymer	t Rate (%)	Payrolls (00	0s/month)
	Previous	New	Previous	New	Previous	New
Quarterly data:						
2019:Q3	2.1	1.8	3.6	3.6	164.7	150.6
2019:Q4	2.2	2.0	3.6	3.6	154.9	148.1
2020:Q1	2.0	1.9	3.6	3.6	133.3	137.6
2020:Q2	1.7	2.0	3.6	3.6	154.2	145.8
2020:Q3	N.A.	2.0	N.A.	3.7	N.A.	108.3
				1 \		
Annual data (proje	ections are ba	ased on a	nnual-average le	vels):		
2019	2.6	2.3	3.7	3.7	200.1	190.6
2020	2.0	1.9	3.6	3.6	142.3	141.2
2021	1.9	2.0	3.7	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
2022	2.3	2.1	3.9	4.0	N.A.	N.A.

# Median Forecasts for Selected Variables in the Current and Previous Surveys

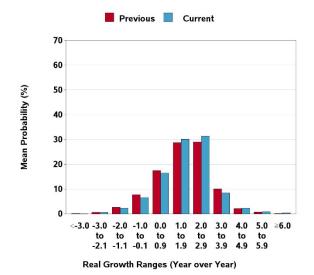
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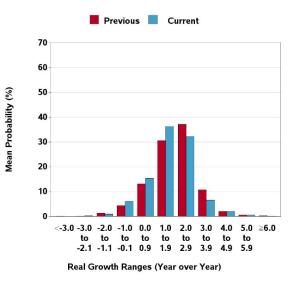
The charts below provide some insight into the degree of uncertainty the forecasters have about their projections for the rate of growth in the annual-average level of real GDP. Each chart presents the forecasters' previous and current estimates of the probability that growth will fall into each of 11 ranges. The charts show the forecasters have revised upward their estimates of the probability that real GDP will grow below 3.0 percent in 2019. Over the following three years, the estimates of uncertainty about growth are nearly the same as those in the previous survey.



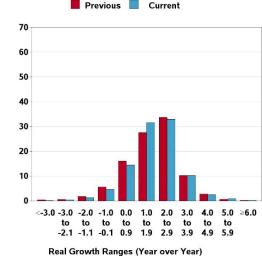
## Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2021



#### Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2020



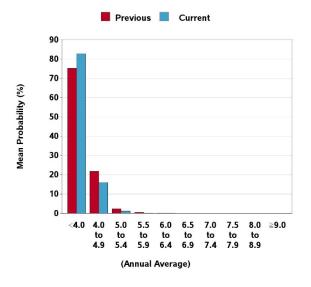
#### Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2022



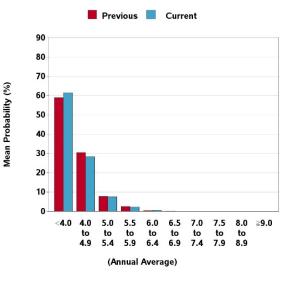
📕 Previous 📕 Current

Mean Probability (%)

The forecasters' density projections for unemployment, shown below, shed light on uncertainty about the labor market over the next four years. Each chart presents the forecasters' current estimates of the probability that unemployment will fall into each of 10 ranges. The charts show the panelists are raising their density estimates for an unemployment rate below 4.0 percent for the next four years.

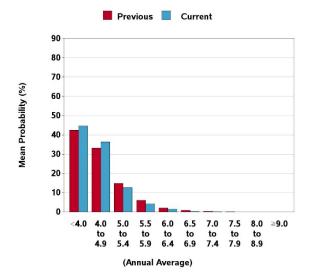


#### Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2019

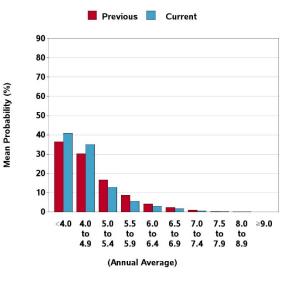


#### Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2020

Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2021



Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2022



# Lower Current-Quarter Headline Inflation

The forecasters expect current-quarter headline CPI inflation to average 1.9 percent, down from 2.1 percent in the last survey. Headline PCE inflation for the current quarter will be 1.7 percent, down 0.3 percentage point from the previous estimate.

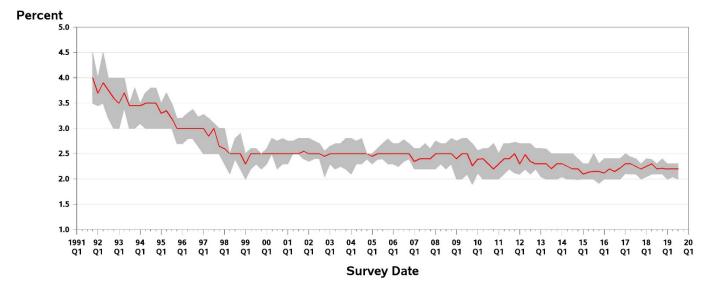
The forecasters' projections for inflation other than the current-quarter headline inflation are mostly unchanged compared with the previous survey.

The long-horizon inflation projections are also holding steady. Over the next 10 years, 2019 to 2028, the forecasters expect headline CPI inflation to average 2.20 percent at an annual rate, unchanged from the previous estimate. The corresponding estimate for 10-year annual-average PCE inflation is 2.00 percent, also unchanged from the estimate of three months ago.

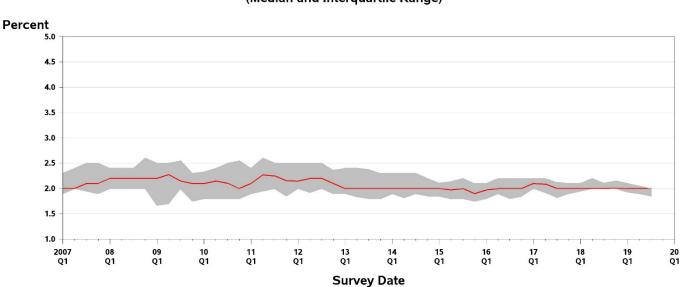
	Headlin	ne CPI	Core	CPI	Headlir	ne PCE	Core		
	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	
Quarterly									
2019:Q3	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.0	
2019:Q4	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	
2020:Q1	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	
2020:Q2	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	
2020:Q3	N.A.	2.1	N.A.	2.1	N.A.	1.9	N.A.	1.9	
Q4/Q4 Annual	Averages								
2019	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	
2020	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	
2021	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	
Long-Term Ann	nual Averag	jes							
2019-2023	2.10	2.09	N.A.	N.A.	1.96	1.90	N.A.	N.A.	
2019-2028	2.20	2.20	N.A.	N.A.	2.00	2.00	N.A.	N.A.	

# Median Short-Run and Long-Run Projections for Inflation (Annualized Percentage Points)

The charts below show the median projections (the red line) and the associated interquartile ranges (gray areas around the red line) for the projections for 10-year annual-average CPI and PCE inflation. The charts highlight unchanged projections for the long-term inflation rate, compared with those of the last survey.

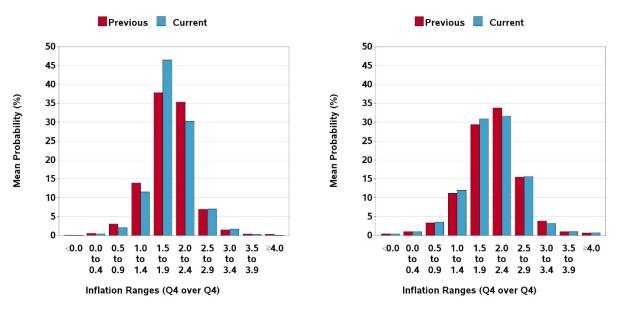


# Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of CPI Inflation (Median and Interquartile Range)



Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of PCE Inflation (Median and Interquartile Range)

The figures below show the probabilities that the forecasters are assigning to each of 10 possible ranges for fourth-quarter over fourth-quarter core PCE inflation in 2019 and 2020. For both years, the forecasters have increased the probability that core PCE inflation will be between 1.5 and 1.9 percent and have decreased the probability that core PCE inflation will be between 2.0 and 2.4 percent.



# Mean Probabilities for Core PCE Inflation in 2019

### Mean Probabilities for Core PCE Inflation in 2020

## Forecasters See Lower Risk of a Negative Quarter

The forecasters have revised downward the chance of a contraction in real GDP in any of the next four quarters. For the current quarter, the forecasters predict an 11.7 percent chance of negative growth, down from 13.1 percent in the survey of three months ago.

# Risk of a Negative Quarter (%) Survey Means

Quarterly data:	Previous	New
2019:Q3	13.1	11.7
2019:Q4	15.8	14.2
2020:Q1	19.4	17.6
2020:Q2	22.8	21.5
2020:Q3	N.A.	26.1

# Natural Rate of Unemployment Estimated at 4.1 Percent

In third-quarter surveys, we ask the forecasters to provide their estimates of the natural rate of unemployment — the rate of unemployment that occurs when the economy reaches equilibrium. The forecasters peg this rate at 4.10 percent. The table below shows, for each third-quarter survey since 1996, the percentage of respondents who use the natural rate in their forecasts and, for those who use it, the median estimate and the lowest and highest estimates. Thirty-three percent of the 27 forecasters who answered the question report that they use the natural rate in their forecasts. The lowest estimate is 3.88 percent, and the highest estimate is 4.60 percent.

# Median Estimates of the Natural Rate of Unemployment

Survey Date	Percentage Who Use the Natural Rate	Median Estimate (%)	Low (%)	High (%)
1996:Q3	62	5.65	5.00	6.00
1997:Q3	59	5.25	4.50	5.88
1998:Q3	45	5.30	4.50	5.80
1999:Q3	43	5.00	4.13	5.60
2000:Q3	48	4.50	4.00	5.00
2001:Q3	34	4.88	3.50	5.50
2002:Q3	50	5.10	3.80	5.50
2003:Q3	41	5.00	4.31	5.40
2004:Q3	46	5.00	4.00	5.50
2005:Q3	50	5.00	4.25	5.50
2006:Q3	53	4.95	4.00	5.50
2007:Q3	52	4.65	4.20	5.50
2008:Q3	48	5.00	4.00	5.50
2009:Q3	45	5.00	4.00	6.00
2010:Q3	50	5.78	4.50	6.80
2011:Q3	42	6.00	4.75	7.00
2012:Q3	49	6.00	4.75	7.00
2013:Q3	63	6.00	4.75	7.00
2014:Q3	65	5.50	4.50	6.70
2015:Q3	62	5.00	4.25	5.80
2016:Q3	56	4.80	4.50	5.50
2017:Q3	44	4.50	3.50	5.00
2018:Q3	34	4.30	3.80	4.60
2019:Q3	33	4.10	3.88	4.60

# **Technical** Notes

# Moody's Aaa and Baa Historical Rates

The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and, therefore, not available in the data files on the Bank's website or on the tables that accompany the survey's complete write-up in the PDF.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia thanks the following forecasters for their participation in recent surveys:

Lewis Alexander, Nomura Securities; Scott Anderson, Bank of the West (BNP Paribas Group); Robert J. Barbera, Johns Hopkins University Center for Financial Economics; Peter Bernstein, RCF Economic and Financial Consulting, Inc.; Wayne Best and Michael Brown, Visa, Inc.; Jay Bryson, Wells Fargo; Christine Chmura, Ph.D., and Xiaobing Shuai, Ph.D., Chmura Economics & Analytics; Gary Ciminero, CFA, GLC Financial Economics; Nathaniel Curtis, Ankura Consulting Group, LLC; Gregory Daco, Oxford Economics USA, Inc.; Rajeev Dhawan, Georgia State University; Bill Diviney, ABN AMRO Bank NV; Gabriel Ehrlich, Daniil Manaenkov, Owen Nie, and Aditi Thapar, RSQE, University of Michigan; Michael R. Englund, Action Economics, LLC; Michael Gapen, Barclays Capital; Sacha Gelfer, Bentley University; James Glassman, JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Jan Hatzius, Goldman Sachs; Brian Higginbotham, U.S. Chamber of Commerce; Peter Hooper, Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc.; Fred Joutz, Benchmark Forecasts; Sam Kahan, Kahan Consulting Ltd. (ACT Research LLC); N. Karp, BBVA Research USA; Walter Kemmsies, Jones Lang LaSalle; Jack Kleinhenz, Kleinhenz & Associates, Inc.; Thomas Lam, Sim Kee Boon Institute, Singapore Management University; L. Douglas Lee, Economics from Washington; John Lonski, Moody's Capital Markets Group; Macroeconomic Advisers, IHS Markit; Robert McNab, Old Dominion University; R. Anthony Metz, Pareto Optimal Economics; R. M. Monaco, TitanRM; Michael Moran, Daiwa Capital Markets America; Joel L. Naroff, Naroff Economic Advisors; Mark Nielson, Ph.D., MacroEcon Global Advisors; Brendon Ogmundson, BC Real Estate Association; Arun Raha and Maira Trimble, Eaton Corporation; Philip Rothman, East Carolina University; Chris Rupkey, MUFG Union Bank; Sean M. Snaith, Ph.D., University of Central Florida; Constantine G. Soras, Ph.D., CGS Economic Consulting/Montclair State University; Stephen Stanley, Amherst Pierpont Securities; Charles Steindel, Ramapo College of New Jersey; Susan M. Sterne, Economic Analysis Associates, Inc.; James Sweeney, Credit Suisse; Thomas Kevin Swift, American Chemistry Council; Mark Zandi, Moody's Analytics; Ellen Zentner, Morgan Stanley.

This is a partial list of participants. We also thank those who wish to remain anonymous.

#### SUMMARY TABLE SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2019		2021 OVER-YEA	2022 .R)
PERCENT GROWTH AT ANNUAL RATES									
<ol> <li>REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)</li> </ol>	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.1
2. GDP PRICE INDEX (PERCENT CHANGE)	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	N.A.	N.A.
3. NOMINAL GDP (\$ BILLIONS)	3.7	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
4. NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT									
(PERCENT CHANGE)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.5	1.1	N.A.	N.A.
(AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)			137.6				141.2	N.A.	N.A.
VARIABLES IN LEVELS									
<pre>5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE   (PERCENT)</pre>	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.0
<pre>6. 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL  (PERCENT)</pre>	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.3	2.4
<pre>7. 10-YEAR TREASURY BOND  (PERCENT)</pre>	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.8
	2019	2019	2020	2020	2020	2019		2021	
	Q3	Q4	Ql	Q2	Q3	(	Q4-OVER	-Q4)	
INFLATION INDICATORS									
8. CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.2	
9. CORE CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	
10. PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.0	
11. CORE PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.9	

Note: The figures on each line are medians of 35 forecasters.

# SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS

Third Quarter 2019

Tables

Note: Data in these tables listed as "actual" are the data that were available to the forecasters when they were sent the survey questionnaire on July 26, 2019; the tables do not reflect subsequent revisions to the data. All forecasts were received on or before August 6, 2019.

#### TABLE ONE MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

		NUMBER	ACTUAL			FORECAS	ST		ACTUAL		FORE	CAST	
		OF FORECASTERS	2019 Q2	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2018 ANNUAL	2019 ANNUAL	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL
1.	GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	35	21338	21535	21745	21948	22159	22369	20580	21430	22274	N.A.	N.A.
2.	GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35 1	112.16	112.70	113.25	113.80	114.36	114.93	110.38	112.40	114.61	N.A.	N.A.
3.	CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXE (\$ BILLIONS)	S 18	N.A.	1817.1	1825.3	1849.7	1864.3	1887.8	1854.9	1818.8	1881.5	N.A.	N.A.
4.	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	34	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.0
5.	NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (THOUSANDS)	29 1	L51135	151587	152031	152444	152881	153206	149064	151351	153046	N.A.	N.A.
6.	INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2012=100)	29	109.5	109.8	110.3	110.6	111.0	111.2	108.6	109.8	111.1	N.A.	N.A.
7.	NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	30	1.26	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.28	1.28	1.25	1.25	1.28	N.A.	N.A.
8.	<pre>3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATE (PERCENT)</pre>	32	2.30	2.10	1.97	1.90	1.92	1.90	1.94	2.20	1.93	2.25	2.40
9.	MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	* 20	N.A.	3.27	3.35	3.43	3.54	3.56	N.A.	3.52	3.60	N.A.	N.A.
10.	MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	* 20	N.A.	4.29	4.39	4.52	4.60	4.66	N.A.	4.59	4.63	N.A.	N.A.
11.	10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	31	2.33	2.08	2.08	2.18	2.24	2.30	2.91	2.30	2.27	2.56	2.81
12.	REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	35	19024	19108	19203	19295	19390	19484	18638	19066	19436	19830	20244
13.	TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITUR (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		3241.1	13316.6	13389.9	13465.6	13539.0	13612.9	12944.6	13264.1	13576.1	N.A.	N.A.
14.	NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTM (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		2761.4	2777.8	2793.3	2809.7	2824.9	2841.4	2692.3	2774.3	2836.8	N.A.	N.A.
15.	RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		589.1	590.9	592.7	594.5	596.7	599.2	602.9	590.9	598.0	N.A.	N.A.
16.	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		L272.7	1280.3	1286.7	1291.8	1298.9	1305.5	1232.2	1271.5	1299.9	N.A.	N.A.
17.	STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		2023.9	2030.0	2036.5	2042.1	2047.2	2053.8	1990.1	2024.6	2050.4	N.A.	N.A.
18.	CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		71.7	59.4	56.5	51.2	49.5	50.0	48.2	75.5	45.0	N.A.	N.A.
19.	NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)		-978.7	-988.3	-994.7	-999.1	-1010.8	-1019.6	-920.0	-977.0	-1012.4	N.A.	N.A.

\* The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public. Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Third Quarter 2019.

#### TABLE TWO MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS PERCENTAGE CHANGES AT ANNUAL RATES

		NUMBER OF ECASTERS	Q2 2019 TO Q3 2019	TO	Q4 2019 TO Q1 2020	Q1 2020 TO Q2 2020	Q2 2020 TO Q3 2020	2018 TO 2019	2019 TO 2020	2020 TO 2021	2021 TO 2022
1.	GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	35	3.7	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
2.	GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	N.A.	N.A.
3.	CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXES (\$ BILLIONS)	18	-0.4	1.8	5.5	3.2	5.1	-1.9	3.4	N.A.	N.A.
4.	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	34	0.0	-0.0	0.0	-0.0	0.1	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.1
5.	NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (PERCENT CHANGE) (AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)	29 29	1.2 150.6	1.2 148.1	1.1 137.6	1.2 145.8	0.9 108.3	1.5 190.6	1.1 141.2	N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A.
6.	INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2012=100)	29	1.1	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.6	1.1	1.2	N.A.	N.A.
7.	NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	30	1.3	0.4	-0.7	3.6	-0.1	0.3	2.0	N.A.	N.A.
8.	3-month treasury bill rate (percent)	32	-0.20	-0.13	-0.07	0.02	-0.02	0.26	-0.26	0.32	0.15
9.	MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	20	N.A.	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.02	N.A.	0.08	N.A.	N.A.
10.	MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	20	N.A.	0.10	0.13	0.08	0.06	N.A.	0.03	N.A.	N.A.
11.	10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	31	-0.25	0.00	0.10	0.06	0.06	-0.62	-0.02	0.28	0.26
12.	REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	35	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.1
13.	TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.4	N.A.	N.A.
14.	NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	г 32	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	3.0	2.3	N.A.	N.A.
15.	RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.6	-2.0	1.2	N.A.	N.A.
16.	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	2.4	2.0	1.6	2.2	2.1	3.2	2.2	N.A.	N.A.
17.	STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.3	N.A.	N.A.
18.	CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIES (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	31	-12.3	-3.0	-5.2	-1.7	0.5	27.3	-30.5	N.A.	N.A.
19.	NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-9.6	-6.4	-4.4	-11.7	-8.8	-57.0	-35.4	N.A.	N.A.

\* The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Note: Figures for unemployment rate, 3-month Treasury bill rate, Moody's Aaa corporate bond yield, Moody's Baa corporate bond yield, and 10-year Treasury bond yield are changes in these rates, in percentage points. Figures for change in private inventories and net exports are changes in billions of chain-weighted dollars. All others are percentage changes at annual rates.

#### TABLE THREE MAJOR PRICE INDICATORS MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	NUMBER	ACTUAL		FORECAST(Q/Q)					FORECAST(Q4/Q4)		
	OF FORECASTERS	2019 Q2	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2018 ANNUAL	2019 ANNUAL	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL
1. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	34	2.9	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.2
2. CORE CONSUMER PRICE INDE (ANNUAL RATE)	X 34	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1
3. PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	33	2.3	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.0
4. CORE PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	32	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.9

#### TABLE FOUR YIELD SPREADS MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	ACTUAL			FORECAST					ACTUAL FORECAST		CAST	
	OF FORECASTERS	2019 Q2	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2018 ANNUAL	2019 ANNUAL	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL
1. TBOND MINUS TBILL (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	29	0.03	-0.05	0.07	0.16	0.33	0.45	0.97	0.07	0.41	0.40	0.40
2. AAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	20	N.A.	1.25	1.25	1.23	1.23	1.23	N.A.	1.24	1.21	N.A.	N.A.
<ol> <li>BAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)</li> </ol>	20	N.A.	2.24	2.26	2.26	2.25	2.29	N.A.	2.27	2.22	N.A.	N.A.
4. BAA MINUS AAA (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	19	N.A.	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	N.A.	1.03	1.09	N.A.	N.A.

Notes:

TBOND is the rate on 10-year Treasury bonds. TBILL is the rate on 3-month Treasury bills. AAA is the rate on Moody's Aaa corporate bonds. BAA is the rate on Moody's Baa corporate bonds.

The historical values for interest rate spreads for Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Each interest rate spread is computed as the median value of the forecasters' spreads. These median values may differ from those computed as the difference between the median values of each interest rate in the spread.

### TABLE FIVE ESTIMATED PROBABILITY OF DECLINE IN REAL GDP

ESTIMATED PROBABILITY (CHANCES IN 100)	Q2 2019 TO Q3 2019	Q3 2019 TO Q4 2019	Q4 2019 TO Q1 2020	TO	Q2 2020 TO Q3 2020
		NUMBER	OF FORECAS	STERS	
10 OR LESS	20	11	5	4	4
11 TO 20	7	15	19	13	9
21 TO 30	2	4	б	10	8
31 TO 40	0	0	0	3	7
41 TO 50	0	0	0	0	2
51 TO 60	1	0	0	0	0
61 TO 70	0	0	0	0	0
71 TO 80	0	0	0	0	0
81 TO 90	0	0	0	0	0
91 AND OVER	0	0	0	0	0
NOT REPORTING	5	5	5	5	5
MEAN AND MEDIAN					
MEDIAN PROBABILITY	10.00	13.50	20.00	20.00	25.00
MEAN PROBABILITY	11.71	14.25	17.59	21.49	26.09

Note: Total number of forecasters reporting is 30.

#### TABLE SIX MEAN PROBABILITIES

#### MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE CIVILIAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: (ANNUAL AVERAGE)

	2019	2020	2021	2022
9.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
8.0 TO 8.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.13
7.5 TO 7.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.20
7.0 TO 7.4 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.57
6.5 TO 6.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.05	0.38	1.62
6.0 TO 6.4 PERCENT	0.10	0.51	1.55	3.14
5.5 TO 5.9 PERCENT	0.17	2.16	4.28	5.59
5.0 TO 5.4 PERCENT	1.13	7.46	12.71	12.83
4.0 TO 4.9 PERCENT	15.89	28.30	36.36	34.97
LESS THAN 4.0 PERCENT	82.71	61.51	44.59	40.92

#### MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE PERCENT CHANGES IN REAL GDP: (ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022
6.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.08	0.39	0.33
5.0 TO 5.9 PERCENT	0.03	0.53	0.93	0.91
4.0 TO 4.9 PERCENT	0.59	1.92	2.37	2.56
3.0 TO 3.9 PERCENT	6.35	6.56	8.48	10.28
2.0 TO 2.9 PERCENT	66.21	32.19	31.33	33.01
1.0 TO 1.9 PERCENT	21.81	36.26	30.21	31.65
0.0 TO 0.9 PERCENT	3.72	15.29	16.52	14.50
-1.0 TO -0.1 PERCENT	1.13	6.08	6.62	4.67
-2.0 TO -1.1 PERCENT	0.10	0.87	2.44	1.44
-3.0 TO -2.1 PERCENT	0.06	0.22	0.60	0.50
LESS THAN -3.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.01	0.11	0.15

#### MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE PERCENT CHANGES IN GDP PRICE INDEX: (ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

	2018-2019	2019-2020
	·	<u> </u>
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.19
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	0.20	0.51
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	1.33	2.89
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	7.72	13.22
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	35.60	35.89
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	42.46	31.08
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	11.01	11.00
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	1.41	3.61
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.23	1.29
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.03	0.32

# TABLE SEVEN MEAN PROBABILITY OF CORE CPI AND CORE PCE INFLATION (Q4/Q4)

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE CPI INFLATION:

		18Q4 TO 19Q4	19Q4 TO 20Q4
4.0 PE	RCENT OR MORE	c 0.04	0.75
3.5 TO	3.9 PERCENT	0.07	1.69
3.0 TO	3.4 PERCENT	2.03	5.34
2.5 TO	2.9 PERCENT	10.47	17.98
2.0 TO	2.4 PERCENT	48.31	38.75
1.5 TO	1.9 PERCENT	34.14	25.94
1.0 TO	1.4 PERCENT	4.41	6.49
0.5 TO	0.9 PERCENT	0.38	2.24
0.0 TO	0.4 PERCENT	0.12	0.55
LESS THAN	0.0 PERCENT	0.04	0.26

#### MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE PCE INFLATION:

	18Q4 TO 19Q4	19Q4 TO 20Q4
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.04	0.70
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	0.30	0.96
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	1.71	3.23
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	7.04	15.66
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	30.30	31.60
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	46.48	30.88
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	11.53	12.01
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	2.12	3.55
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.41	1.04
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.07	0.37

#### TABLE EIGHT LONG-TERM (5-YEAR AND 10-YEAR) INFLATION FORECASTS

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 5 YEARS: 2019-2023 \_\_\_\_\_

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	1.70	MINIMUM	1.70
LOWER QUARTILE	1.95	LOWER QUARTILE	1.70
MEDIAN	2.09	MEDIAN	1.90
UPPER QUARTILE	2.20	UPPER QUARTILE	2.00
MAXIMUM	2.70	MAXIMUM	2.35
MEAN	2.10	MEAN	1.90
STD. DEVIATION	0.23	STD. DEVIATION	0.18
N	28	N	27
MISSING	7	MISSING	8

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE FOLLOWING 5 YEARS: 2024-2028

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CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	1.90	MINIMUM	1.60
LOWER QUARTILE	2.06	LOWER QUARTILE	1.96
MEDIAN	2.30	MEDIAN	2.04
UPPER QUARTILE	2.40	UPPER QUARTILE	2.20
MAXIMUM	3.50	MAXIMUM	4.31
MEAN	2.30	MEAN	2.16
STD. DEVIATION	0.33	STD. DEVIATION	0.50
N	28	N	27
MISSING	7	MISSING	8

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS: 2019-2028 

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	1.90	MINIMUM	1.80
LOWER QUARTILE	2.00	LOWER QUARTILE	1.85
MEDIAN	2.20	MEDIAN	2.00
UPPER QUARTILE	2.30	UPPER QUARTILE	2.00
MAXIMUM	3.10	MAXIMUM	3.20
MEAN	2.20	MEAN	2.03
STD. DEVIATION	0.24	STD. DEVIATION	0.29
N	28	N	27
MISSING	7	MISSING	8

- The summary statistics for each forecast horizon are computed on a sample of panelists Note: that may differ from one horizon to the next. The usual identity linking the 10-year horizon to the two underlying five-year horizons may not hold in the results.
- Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Third Quarter 2019.