Release Date: August 13, 2021

## THIRD QUARTER 2021

## Lower Current-Quarter Growth, Followed by Stronger Growth over Subsequent Quarters

The U.S. economy for the current quarter looks weaker now than it did three months ago, according to 36 forecasters surveyed by the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. The panel predicts real GDP will grow at an annual rate of 6.8 percent this quarter, down 0.7 percentage point from the prediction in the last survey. Over the next three quarters, however, the panelists see stronger output growth than they predicted previously. Using the annual-average over annual-average computation, the forecasters expect real GDP to grow at an annual rate of 6.1 percent in 2021 and 4.4 percent in 2022.

The projections for unemployment are little changed from those of the previous survey. On an annual-average basis, the forecasters predict the unemployment rate will decline from 5.6 percent in 2021 to 3.6 percent in 2024.

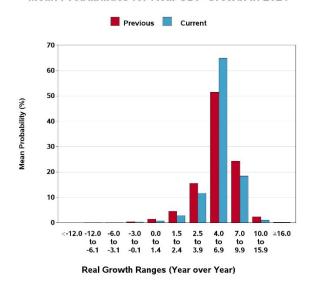
The employment outlook mirrors the outlook for output growth. The forecasters revised downward their estimate for job growth for the current quarter and revised upward their estimates for the next three quarters. The projections for the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment suggest job gains at a monthly rate of 309,400 in 2021 and 456,300 in 2022. (These annual-average projections are computed as the year-to-year change in the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment, converted to a monthly rate.)

Median Forecasts for Selected Variables in the Current and Previous Surveys

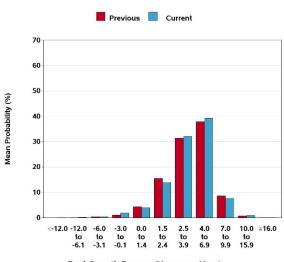
	Real GD	P (%)	Unemploymer	nt Rate (%)	Payrolls (00	00s/month)
	Previous	New	Previous	New	Previous	New
Quarterly data:						
2021:Q3	7.5	6.8	5.3	5.3	753.0	695.1
2021:Q4	5.0	5.2	4.9	4.9	482.4	508.8
2022:Q1	4.0	4.5	4.7	4.6	372.3	468.9
2022:Q2	2.6	3.4	4.5	4.4	287.0	404.8
2022:Q3	N.A.	2.7	N.A.	4.2	N.A.	265.0
Annual data (proje	ections are b	ased on a	nnual-average le	vels):		
2021	6.3	6.1	5.5	5.6	331.6	309.4
2022	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	405.1	456.3
2023	2.6	2.5	3.9	3.8	N.A.	N.A.
2024	2.3	2.0	3.8	3.6	N.A.	N.A.

The charts below provide some insight into the degree of uncertainty the forecasters have about their projections for the rate of growth in the annual-average level of real GDP. Each chart presents the forecasters' previous and current estimates of the probability that growth will fall into each of 11 ranges. Notably, for 2021, the forecasters have significantly revised upward their estimate of the probability that real GDP will grow at a rate of 4.0 percent to 6.9 percent.

#### Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2021

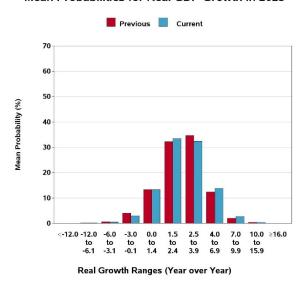


#### Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2022

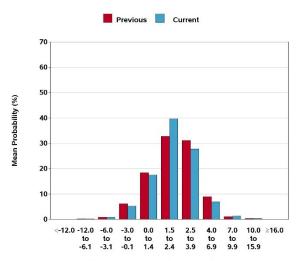


Real Growth Ranges (Year over Year)

## Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2023



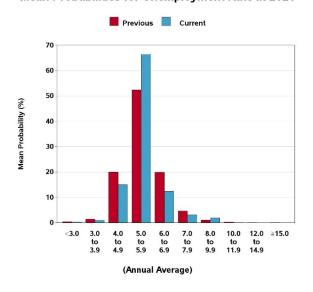
## Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2024



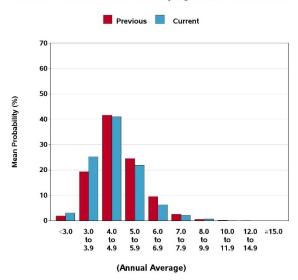
Real Growth Ranges (Year over Year)

The forecasters' density projections for unemployment, shown below, shed light on uncertainty about the labor market over the next four years. Each chart presents the forecasters' current and previous estimates of the probability that unemployment will fall into each of 10 ranges. The panelists are raising their probability estimates for an unemployment rate between 5.0 percent and 5.9 percent in 2021. The unemployment density projections for the following three years are little changed, compared with their previous estimates.

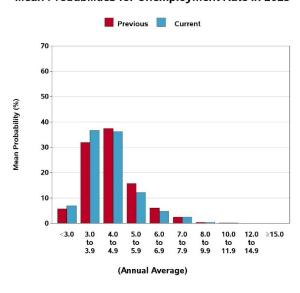
## Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2021



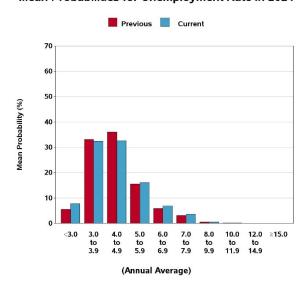
## Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2022



Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2023



Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2024



## Forecasters Raise Their Projections for Inflation

The forecasters expect current-quarter headline CPI inflation to average 5.2 percent, up from 2.6 percent in the last survey. Headline PCE inflation over the current quarter will be 4.0 percent, up 1.6 percentage points from the previous estimate.

Projections for headline and core CPI and PCE inflation at most other forecast horizons have been revised upward, compared with those from the survey of three months ago.

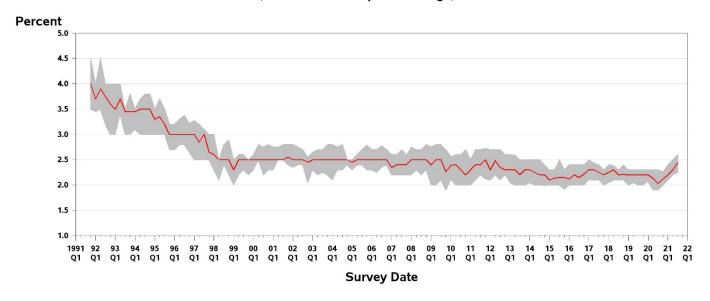
Over the next 10 years, 2021 to 2030, the forecasters predict headline CPI inflation will average 2.44 percent at an annual rate. The corresponding estimate for 10-year annual-average PCE inflation is 2.20 percent. These 10-year projections are higher than those of the previous survey.

## Median Short-Run and Long-Run Projections for Inflation (Annualized Percentage Points)

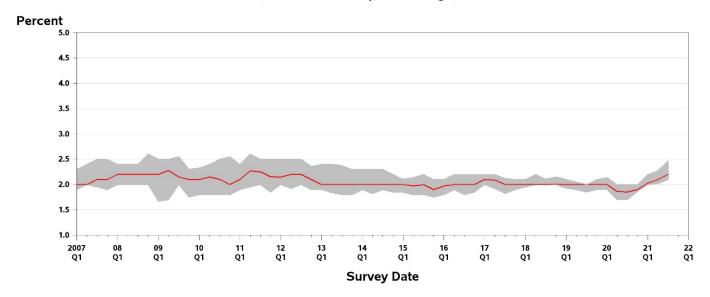
	Headli	ne CPI	Core	CPI	Headlir	ne PCE	Core	PCE
	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current
Quarterly								
2021:Q3	2.6	5.2	2.5	5.1	2.4	4.0	2.2	3.7
2021:Q4	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.0	2.2
2022:Q1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.1
2022:Q2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.1
2022:Q3	N.A.	2.4	N.A.	2.4	N.A.	2.2	N.A.	2.2
Q4/Q4 Annual	Averages							
2021	3.0	4.9	2.1	4.2	2.8	4.1	2.3	2.7
2022								3.7
	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.2
2023	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.1
Long-Term An	nual Averag	ges						
2021-2025	2.40	2.75	N.A.	N.A.	2.20	2.40	N.A.	N.A.
2021-2030	2.30	2.44	N.A.	N.A.	2.10	2.20	N.A.	N.A.

The charts below show the median projections (the red line) and the associated interquartile ranges (gray areas around the red line) for 10-year annual-average CPI and PCE inflation. The charts highlight the rising projections for the long-term inflation rate in recent surveys.

Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of CPI Inflation (Median and Interquartile Range)



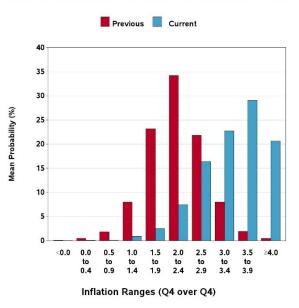
Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of PCE Inflation (Median and Interquartile Range)

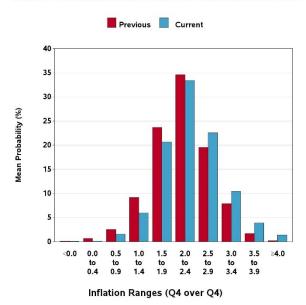


The figures below show the probabilities that the forecasters are assigning to each of 10 possible ranges for fourth-quarter over fourth-quarter core PCE inflation in 2021 and 2022. For both years, the forecasters have raised their estimates for the probability that core PCE inflation will be 3.0 percent or more, compared with their estimates from three months ago.



## Mean Probabilities for Core PCE Inflation in 2022





## Lower Risk of a Negative Quarter

The forecasters expect only a small likelihood of a contraction in real GDP in any of the next five quarters, and these new estimates are slightly below those of the previous survey. The forecasters have cut their estimate of the risk of a downturn this quarter to 5.7 percent, compared with 7.3 percent in the survey of three months ago. The panelists have also reduced their probability estimates for the following three quarters, compared with their previous estimates.

Risk of a Negative Quarter (%) Survey Means

Quarterly data:	Previous	New
2021:Q3	7.3	5.7
2021:Q4	10.1	9.5
2022:Q1	12.1	12.0
2022:Q2	13.3	12.3
2022:Q3	N.A.	12.9

## Natural Rate of Unemployment Estimated at 3.78 Percent

In third-quarter surveys, we ask the forecasters to provide their estimates of the natural rate of unemployment — the rate of unemployment that occurs when the economy reaches equilibrium. The forecasters peg this rate at 3.78 percent. The table below shows, for each third-quarter survey since 1996, the percentage of respondents who use the natural rate in their forecasts and, for those who use it, the median estimate and the lowest and highest estimates. Thirty-seven percent of the 27 forecasters who answered the question report that they use the natural rate in their forecasts. The lowest estimate is 3.00 percent, and the highest estimate is 4.25 percent.

## Median Estimates of the Natural Rate of Unemployment

Survey Date	Percentage Who Use the Natural Rate	Median Estimate (%)	Low (%)	High (%)
1996:Q3	62	5.65	5.00	6.00
1997:Q3	59	5.25	4.50	5.88
1998:Q3	45	5.30	4.50	5.80
1999:Q3	43	5.00	4.13	5.60
2000:Q3	48	4.50	4.00	5.00
2001:Q3	34	4.88	3.50	5.50
2002:Q3	50	5.10	3.80	5.50
2003:Q3	41	5.00	4.31	5.40
2004:Q3	46	5.00	4.00	5.50
2005:Q3	50	5.00	4.25	5.50
2006:Q3	53	4.95	4.00	5.50
2007:Q3	52	4.65	4.20	5.50
2008:Q3	48	5.00	4.00	5.50
2009:Q3	45	5.00	4.00	6.00
2010:Q3	50	5.78	4.50	6.80
2011:Q3	42	6.00	4.75	7.00
2012:Q3	49	6.00	4.75	7.00
2013:Q3	63	6.00	4.75	7.00
2014:Q3	65	5.50	4.50	6.70
2015:Q3	62	5.00	4.25	5.80
2016:Q3	56	4.80	4.50	5.50
2017:Q3	44	4.50	3.50	5.00
2018:Q3	34	4.30	3.80	4.60
2019:Q3	33	4.10	3.88	4.60
2020:Q3	48	4.10	3.50	6.00
2021:Q3	37	3.78	3.00	4.25

## **Technical Notes**

## Moody's Aaa and Baa Historical Rates

The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and, therefore, not available in the data files on the Bank's website or on the tables that accompany the survey's complete write-up in the PDF.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia thanks the following forecasters for their participation in recent surveys:

Scott Anderson, Bank of the West (BNP Paribas Group); Robert J. Barbera, Johns Hopkins University Center for Financial Economics; Peter Bernstein, RCF Economic and Financial Consulting, Inc.; Wayne Best and Michael Brown, Visa, Inc.; Jay Bryson, Wells Fargo; Christine Chmura, Ph.D., and Xiaobing Shuai, Ph.D., Chmura Economics & Analytics; Gary Ciminero, CFA, GLC Financial Economics; Gregory Daco, Oxford Economics USA, Inc.; Rajeev Dhawan, Georgia State University; Bill Diviney, ABN AMRO Bank NV; G. Ehrlich, D. Manaenkov, T. Ranosova, and A. Thapar, RSQE, University of Michigan; Michael R. Englund, Action Economics, LLC; Sacha Gelfer, Bentley University; James Glassman, JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Jan Hatzius, Goldman Sachs; Fred Joutz, Benchmark Forecasts; Sam Kahan, Kahan Consulting Ltd. (ACT Research LLC); N. Karp, BBVA Research USA; Walter Kemmsies and Ryan Severino, Jones Lang LaSalle; Jack Kleinhenz, Kleinhenz & Associates, Inc.; Yaniv Konchitchki, University of California, Berkeley; Rohan Kumar and Allen Sinai, Decision Economics, Inc.; Thomas Lam, Sim Kee Boon Institute, Singapore Management University; John Lonski, Moody's Capital Markets Group; Matthew Luzzetti, Deutsche Bank Securities; IHS Markit; Robert McNab, Old Dominion University; R. Anthony Metz, Pareto Optimal Economics; R. M. Monaco, TitanRM; Michael Moran, Daiwa Capital Markets America; Joel L. Naroff, Naroff Economic Advisors; Nomura Securities International; Brendon Ogmundson, BC Real Estate Association; Perc Pineda, Ph.D., Plastics Industry Association; Jason Prole, Capital Risk Management; Philip Rothman, East Carolina University; Chris Rupkey, MUFG Union Bank; Sean M. Snaith, Ph.D., University of Central Florida; Constantine G. Soras, Ph.D., CGS Economic Consulting, Inc.; Stephen Stanley, Amherst Pierpont Securities; Charles Steindel, Editor, NABE Business Economics; Susan M. Sterne, Economic Analysis Associates, Inc.; James Sweeney, Credit Suisse; Thomas Kevin Swift, American Chemistry Council; Maira Trimble, Eaton Corporation; Mark Zandi, Moody's Analytics; Ellen Zentner, Morgan Stanley.

This is a partial list of participants. We also thank those who wish to remain anonymous.

# SUMMARY TABLE SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2		2021		2023 OVER-YEA	2024 .R)
PERCENT GROWTH AT ANNUAL RATES									
1. REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	6.8	5.2	4.5	3.4	2.7	6.1	4.4	2.5	2.0
2. GDP PRICE INDEX (PERCENT CHANGE)	3.8	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	2.7	N.A.	N.A.
3. NOMINAL GDP (\$ BILLIONS)	10.4	8.4	6.5	5.4	5.2	9.8	7.1	N.A.	N.A.
4. NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (PERCENT CHANGE) (AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)		4.2 508.8				2.6 309.4			N.A.
VARIABLES IN LEVELS									
5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.2	5.6	4.3	3.8	3.6
6. 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL (PERCENT)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.8
7. 10-YEAR TREASURY BOND (PERCENT)	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.5
	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	2022 Q3	2021	2022 Q4-OVER		
INFLATION INDICATORS									
8. CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	5.2	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.4	4.9	2.4	2.3	
9. CORE CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	5.1	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	4.2	2.4	2.4	
10. PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	4.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	4.1	2.2	2.3	
11. CORE PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	3.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	3.7	2.2	2.1	

Note: The figures on each line are medians of 36 forecasters.

# SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS Third Quarter 2021

Note: Data in these tables listed as "actual" are the data that were available to the forecasters when they were sent the survey questionnaire on July 29, 2021; the tables do not reflect subsequent revisions to the data. All forecasts were received on or before August 10, 2021.

**Tables** 

TABLE ONE
MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS
MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

		ACTUAL NUMBER		JAL FORECAST					ACTUAL	FORECAST			
	F	OF ORECASTERS	2021 Q2	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	2022 Q3	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL	2024 ANNUAL
1.	GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	36	22723	23290	23763	24139	24459	24769	20894	22946	24582	N.A.	N.A.
2.	GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35	117.52	118.62	119.32	119.95	120.59	121.29	113.74	117.78	120.93	N.A.	N.A.
3.	CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXES (\$ BILLIONS)	21	N.A.	2293.5	2353.1	2361.4	2423.4	2491.2	1968.1	2277.1	2416.1	N.A.	N.A.
4.	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	36	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.2	8.1	5.6	4.3	3.8	3.6
5.	NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (THOUSANDS)	31	144998	147133	148660	150067	151281	152076	142252	145965	151440	N.A.	N.A.
6.	INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2017=100)	29	99.6	100.9	102.1	103.1	104.0	104.7	95.0	100.2	104.3	N.A.	N.A.
7.	NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	30	1.57	1.60	1.60	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.40	1.59	1.58	N.A.	N.A.
8.	3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATE (PERCENT)	34	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.14	0.37	0.05	0.14	0.49	0.75
9.	MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	19	N.A.	2.65	2.90	2.99	3.05	3.08	N.A.	2.81	3.08	N.A.	N.A.
10.	MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	19	N.A.	3.35	3.63	3.73	3.80	3.90	N.A.	3.54	3.86	N.A.	N.A.
11.	10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	34	1.59	1.40	1.57	1.63	1.73	1.86	0.89	1.48	1.78	2.20	2.48
12.	REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	36	19358	19680	19929	20148	20317	20451	18385	19503	20363	20863	21283
13.	TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33 1	3659.3	13814.3	13966.1	14067.5	14185.2	14265.9	12629.9	13686.0	14215.2	N.A.	N.A.
14.	NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTME (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	NT 32	2865.2	2917.2	2968.2	3013.4	3054.2	3085.9	2671.1	2890.8	3068.3	N.A.	N.A.
15.	RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	712.1	719.6	728.4	737.8	744.5	750.6	648.0	722.8	745.3	N.A.	N.A.
16.	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	30	1357.6	1366.9	1375.7	1383.4	1389.5	1398.0	1340.7	1369.0	1392.6	N.A.	N.A.
17.	STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	31	2021.2	2033.7	2044.8	2064.0	2076.2	2084.3	2019.9	2029.2	2076.6	N.A.	N.A.
18.	CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIES (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	31	-165.9	5.0	42.0	62.5	72.3	78.3	-42.3	-50.4	72.2	N.A.	N.A.
19.	NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32 -	1259.0	-1285.7	-1297.3	-1302.8	-1311.1	-1318.9	-942.7	-1269.0	-1314.9	N.A.	N.A.

<sup>\*</sup> The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Third Quarter 2021.

TABLE TWO
MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS
PERCENTAGE CHANGES AT ANNUAL RATES

	FO!	NUMBER OF RECASTERS	TO	TO	TO	Q1 2022 TO Q2 2022	TO	2020 TO 2021	2021 TO 2022	2022 TO 2023	2023 TO 2024
1.	GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	36	10.4	8.4	6.5	5.4	5.2	9.8	7.1	N.A.	N.A.
2.	GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35	3.8	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	2.7	N.A.	N.A.
3.	CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXES (\$ BILLIONS)	21	7.2	10.8	1.4	10.9	11.7	15.7	6.1	N.A.	N.A.
4.	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	36	-0.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-2.5	-1.3	-0.5	-0.2
5.	NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (PERCENT CHANGE) (AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)	31 31	5.9 695.1	4.2 508.8	3.8 468.9	3.3 404.8	2.1 265.0	2.6	3.8 456.3	N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A.
6.	INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2017=100)	29	5.5	4.6	4.0	3.6	2.8	5.5	4.1	N.A.	N.A.
7.	NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	30	7.1	1.3	-1.3	-1.9	1.3	13.6	-0.3	N.A.	N.A.
8.	3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATE (PERCENT)	34	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.04	-0.32	0.08	0.35	0.27
9.	MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	19	N.A.	0.25	0.09	0.06	0.03	N.A.	0.27	N.A.	N.A.
10.	MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	19	N.A.	0.28	0.10	0.07	0.10	N.A.	0.32	N.A.	N.A.
11.	10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	34	-0.19	0.17	0.07	0.10	0.13	0.59	0.30	0.42	0.28
12.	REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	36	6.8	5.2	4.5	3.4	2.7	6.1	4.4	2.5	2.0
13.	TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	4.6	4.5	2.9	3.4	2.3	8.4	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
14.	NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	NT 32	7.5	7.2	6.2	5.5	4.2	8.2	6.1	N.A.	N.A.
15.	RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	4.3	5.0	5.2	3.7	3.3	11.5	3.1	N.A.	N.A.
16.	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	30	2.8	2.6	2.3	1.8	2.5	2.1	1.7	N.A.	N.A.
17.	STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	31	2.5	2.2	3.8	2.4	1.6	0.5	2.3	N.A.	N.A.
18.	CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIES (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	31	170.9	37.0	20.5	9.8	6.0	-8.1	122.6	N.A.	N.A.
19.	NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-26.7	-11.6	-5.6	-8.3	-7.8	-326.3	-45.9	N.A.	N.A.

<sup>\*</sup> The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Note: Figures for unemployment rate, 3-month Treasury bill rate, Moody's Aaa corporate bond yield,
Moody's Baa corporate bond yield, and 10-year Treasury bond yield are changes in these rates, in percentage points.
Figures for change in private inventories and net exports are changes in billions of chain-weighted dollars.
All others are percentage changes at annual rates.

# TABLE THREE MAJOR PRICE INDICATORS MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	NUMBER	ACTUAL		FORECAS	ST(Q/Q)			ACTUAL	FORE	CAST (Q4/Q	1)
	OF FORECASTERS	2021 Q2	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	2022 Q3	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL
1. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	36	8.4	5.2	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.2	4.9	2.4	2.3
2. CORE CONSUMER PRICE INDE: (ANNUAL RATE)	X 34	8.1	5.1	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	1.6	4.2	2.4	2.4
3. PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	35	6.4	4.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.1	2.2	2.3
4. CORE PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	34	6.1	3.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.4	3.7	2.2	2.1

## TABLE FOUR YIELD SPREADS MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	ACTUAL NUMBER			FORECAST					ACTUAL FORECAST			
	OF FORECASTERS	2021 Q2	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	2022 Q3	2020 ANNUAL	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL	2024 ANNUAL
1. TBOND MINUS TBILL (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	33	1.57	1.34	1.48	1.55	1.66	1.70	0.53	1.42	1.68	1.80	1.66
2. AAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	19	N.A.	1.26	1.29	1.30	1.26	1.26	N.A.	1.33	1.26	N.A.	N.A.
3. BAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	19	N.A.	1.99	2.00	2.05	2.05	2.06	N.A.	2.03	2.05	N.A.	N.A.
4. BAA MINUS AAA (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	19	N.A.	0.70	0.70	0.73	0.76	0.81	N.A.	0.71	0.79	N.A.	N.A.

#### Notes:

TBOND is the rate on 10-year Treasury bonds. TBILL is the rate on 3-month Treasury bills. AAA is the rate on Moody's Aaa corporate bonds. BAA is the rate on Moody's Baa corporate bonds.

The historical values for interest rate spreads for Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Each interest rate spread is computed as the median value of the forecasters' spreads. These median values may differ from those computed as the difference between the median values of each interest rate in the spread.

## TABLE FIVE ESTIMATED PROBABILITY OF DECLINE IN REAL GDP

ESTIMATED PROBABILITY (CHANCES IN 100)	Q2 2021 TO Q3 2021	Q3 2021 TO Q4 2021	TO	TO	TO
		NUMBER	OF FORECAS	STERS	
10 OR LESS 11 TO 20 21 TO 30 31 TO 40 41 TO 50 51 TO 60 61 TO 70 71 TO 80 81 TO 90 91 AND OVER NOT REPORTING	27 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	22 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	18 10 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	15 14 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13 15 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
MEAN AND MEDIAN					
MEDIAN PROBABILITY MEAN PROBABILITY	5.00 5.65	8.50 9.50	10.00 12.00	10.65 12.28	12.00 12.88

Note: Total number of forecasters reporting is 30.

## TABLE SIX MEAN PROBABILITIES

# MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE CIVILIAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: (ANNUAL AVERAGE)

	2021	2022	2023	2024
			_	
15.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12.0 TO 14.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05
10.0 TO 11.9 PERCENT	0.03	0.07	0.12	0.15
8.0 TO 9.9 PERCENT	1.92	0.63	0.42	0.55
7.0 TO 7.9 PERCENT	3.09	2.00	2.55	3.63
6.0 TO 6.9 PERCENT	12.40	6.24	4.83	6.90
5.0 TO 5.9 PERCENT	66.39	21.82	12.11	15.99
4.0 TO 4.9 PERCENT	14.98	40.97	36.32	32.62
3.0 TO 3.9 PERCENT	0.92	25.24	36.64	32.42
LESS THAN 3.0 PERCENT	0.27	3.03	6.97	7.71

# MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE PERCENT CHANGES IN REAL GDP: (ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

		2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024
16.0 PERCENT	OR MORE	0.17	0.10	0.00	0.00
10.0 TO 15.9	PERCENT	1.04	0.84	0.46	0.30
7.0 TO 9.9	PERCENT	18.44	7.63	2.73	1.36
4.0 TO 6.9	PERCENT	64.93	39.20	13.90	6.93
2.5 TO 3.9	PERCENT	11.59	32.08	32.38	27.81
1.5 TO 2.4	PERCENT	2.77	13.91	33.40	39.72
0.0 TO 1.4	PERCENT	0.74	3.90	13.32	17.50
-3.0 TO -0.1	PERCENT	0.27	1.84	3.02	5.28
-6.0 TO -3.1	PERCENT	0.03	0.37	0.59	0.81
-12.0 TO -6.1	PERCENT	0.03	0.11	0.17	0.25
LESS THAN -12.0	PERCENT	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05

# MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE PERCENT CHANGES IN GDP PRICE INDEX: (ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

	2020-2021	2021-2022
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	19.25	8.96
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	34.36	12.00
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	25.70	18.28
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	9.58	23.95
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	8.14	23.84
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	2.59	9.05
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.31	2.74
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.03	0.74
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.03	0.21
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.22

## 

## MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE CPI INFLATION:

	20Q4 TO 21Q4	21Q4 TO 22Q4
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	40.89	2.81
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	26.67	7.17
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	18.12	17.62
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	9.27	32.00
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	3.97	26.08
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	0.72	9.80
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.18	3.00
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.11	1.05
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.04	0.27
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.04	0.21

#### MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE PCE INFLATION:

	20Q4 TO 21Q4	21Q4 TO 22Q4
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	20.62	1.39
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	29.08	3.88
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	22.76	10.43
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	16.40	22.55
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	7.47	33.37
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	2.50	20.62
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.93	5.95
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.14	1.58
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.07	0.14
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.04	0.08

## TABLE EIGHT LONG-TERM (5-YEAR AND 10-YEAR) INFLATION FORECASTS

## ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 5 YEARS: 2021-2025

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	2.10	MINIMUM	1.90
LOWER QUARTILE	2.50	LOWER QUARTILE	2.20
MEDIAN	2.75	MEDIAN	2.40
UPPER QUARTILE	2.97	UPPER QUARTILE	2.80
MAXIMUM	3.75	MAXIMUM	3.13
MEAN	2.76	MEAN	2.48
STD. DEVIATION	0.40	STD. DEVIATION	0.35
N	28	N	28
MISSING	8	MISSING	8

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE FOLLOWING 5 YEARS: 2026-2030

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	1.80	MINIMUM	1.60
LOWER QUARTILE	2.00	LOWER QUARTILE	1.85
MEDIAN	2.10	MEDIAN	2.00
UPPER QUARTILE	2.35	UPPER QUARTILE	2.20
MAXIMUM	2.60	MAXIMUM	2.40
MEAN	2.17	MEAN	2.01
STD. DEVIATION	0.22	STD. DEVIATION	0.24
N	28	N	28
MISSING	8	MISSING	8

## ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS: 2021-2030

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	2.00	MINIMUM	1.80
LOWER QUARTILE	2.25	LOWER QUARTILE	2.10
MEDIAN	2.44	MEDIAN	2.20
UPPER QUARTILE	2.60	UPPER QUARTILE	2.47
MAXIMUM	3.00	MAXIMUM	2.70
MEAN	2.46	MEAN	2.24
STD. DEVIATION	0.26	STD. DEVIATION	0.24
N	28	N	28
MISSING	8	MISSING	8

Note: The summary statistics for each forecast horizon are computed on a sample of panelists that may differ from one horizon to the next. The usual identity linking the 10-year horizon to the two underlying five-year horizons may not hold in the results.